## 



WORD CLOCK DISTRIBUTION AMPLIFIER \& AUDIO CLOCK CONVERTER

## SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

## General instructions

To reduce the risk of fire or electrical shock，do not expose this appliance to rain or moisture，direct sunlight or excessive heat from sources such as radiators or spotlights．No user serviceable parts are in－ side．Repair and maintenance must be carried out by qualified personnel authorized by MUTEC GmbH！ The unit has been designed for operation in a standard domestic environment．Do NOT expose the unit and its accessories to rain，moisture，direct sunlight or excessive heat produced by such heat sources as radiators or spotlights！The free flow of air inside and around the unit must always be ensured．

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## Initial operation

Prior to the initial operation of the unit，the appliance，its accessories and packaging must be inspected for any signs of physical damage that may have occurred during transit．If the unit has been damaged mechanically or if liquids have been spilled inside the enclosure，the appliance may not be connected to the mains or must be disconnected from the mains immediately！If the unit is damaged，please do NOT return it to MUTEC GmbH，but notify your dealer and the shipping com－ pany immediately，otherwise claims for damage or replacement may not be granted．

If the device is left in a low－temperature environment for a long time and then is moved to a room－ temperature environment，condensation may occur on the inside and the exterior．To avoid short－ circuits and flashovers，be sure to wait one or two hours before putting the device into operation．

## Power supply

The device contains a self－adapting wide－range power supply supporting the majority of global stan－ dard line voltages within a range of $90 \ldots 250 \mathrm{~V}$ ，with no need for making adjustments．Make sure that your line－voltage source provides a supply voltage within the specified range．In addition，make sure that the device is properly grounded via the local electric installation．

Please use the enclosed power cord（see packaging）to connect the unit to the mains．Switch the unit off before you attempt to connect it to the mains．Connect the power cord to the unit，then to a standard 3－pin mains outlet．To draw the power cord，never pull on the cable but on the mains plug！

The unit must be grounded during operation


This symbol，a flash of lightning inside a triangle，alerts you to the presence of uninsulated dangerous voltage inside the enclosure－voltage that may be sufficient to constitute a risk of shock．

This symbol，an exclamation mark inside a triangle， alerts you to important operating or safety instructions in this manual．

## Declaration of Conformity

We herewith confirm that the product complies with the European Commission＇s standards on electromagnetic compatibility．

Interference emission：
EN 50081－1， 1992
Resistance to interference
EN 50082－1， 1992
Presupposed as operation condition is that all clock outputs are con－ nected with high－quality and good shielded BNC 75 ohms cable．


For information on the power－inlet wiring，refer to the »Wiring of connectors«section in the appendix．Disconnect the device from the mains when not using it for an extended period！

## WARRANTY REGULATIONS

## §1 Warranty

MUTEC GmbH warrants the flawless performance of this product to the original buyer for a period of two（2）years from the date of purchase．If any failure occurs within the specified warranty period that is caused by defects in material and／or workmanship，MUTEC GmbH shall either repair or replace the product free of charge within 90 days．The purchaser is not entitled to claim an inspection of the device free of charge during the warranty period．If the warranty claim proves to be justified，the product will be returned freight prepaid by MUTEC GmbH within Germany．Outside Germany，the product will be returned with the additional international freight charges payable by the customer．Warranty claims other than those indicated above are expressly excluded
§2 Warranty transferability
This warranty is extended exclusively to the original buyer who bought the product from a MUTEC GmbH specialized dealer or distributor，and is not transferable to anyone who may subsequently purchase this product．No other person（retail dealer，distributor，etc．）shall be entitled to give any warranty promise on behalf of MUTEC GmbH．

## §3 Waranty regulations

The return of the completed registration card，or online registration on one of the websites specified below，is a condition of warranty．Failing to register the device before returning it for repair will void the extended warranty．
－The serial number on the returned device must match the one stated on the registration card or entered during online registration．Otherwise，the device will be returned to the sender at the sender＇s expense．
－Any returned device must be accompanied by a detailed error description and a copy of the original sales receipt issued by a MUTEC dealer or distributor．
The device must be returned free of shipping expenses and in the original package，if possible；otherwise
§4 Limitation of warranty
Damages caused by the following conditions are not covered by this warranty：
－Damages caused by every kind of normal wear and tear（e．g．displays，LEDs，potentiometers，faders，switches，buttons，connecting elements，printed labels，cover glasses，cover prints，and similar parts）．
－Functional failure of the product caused by improper installation（please observe CMOS components handling instructions！），neglect or misuse of
the product，e．g．failure to operate the unit in compliance with the instructions given in the user or service manuals．
－Damage caused by any form of external mechanical impact or modification．
－Damage caused by the user＇s failure to connect and operate the unit in compliance with local safety regulations．
Damage caused by force majeure（fire，explosion，flood，lightning，war，vandalism，etc．）．
－Consequential damages or defects in products from other manufacturers as well as any costs resulting from a loss of production
Repairs carried out by personnel which is not authorized from MUTEC GmbH will void the warranty．Adaptations and modifications to the device made with regard to national，technical，or safety regulations in a country or of the customer do not constitute a warranty claim and should be set with MUTEC GmbH in advance．

## §5 Repairs

To obtain warranty service，the buyer must call or write to MUTEC GmbH before returning the unit．All inquiries must be accompanied by a description of the problem and the original buyer＇s invoice．Devices shipped to MUTEC GmbH for repair without prior notice will be returned to the sender at the sender＇s expense．In case of a functional failure please contact：

MUTEC Gesellschaft fuer Systementwicklung und Komponentenvertrieb mbH
Siekeweg 6／8 • 12309 Berlin • Germany • Fon 030－746880－0 • Fax 030－746880－99 • Tecsupport＠MUTEC－net．com • www．MUTEC－net．com

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## INTRODUCTION

Thank you very much for purchasing MC-7, Word Clock Distribution Amplifier and Audio Clock Converter, from MUTEC!

## General Function Description

The MUTEC MC-7 is an extremely flexible, high-performance 8 channel Word Clock distribution amplifier and audio clock converter.
The MC-7 distributes and converts Word Clock, AES3/11 and S/P-DIF signals. An incoming reference signal passes latest audiophil-optimized PLL circuits, to be distributed and output as low-jitter, high-quality clock signal, regardless of the condition of the reference signal. Thereby, connected audio devices will benefit from the MC-7's signal regeneration abilities, which improve their sound qualities audibly.

Furthermore, the MC-7 functions as multiplier for the clock rate of the incoming reference signal. Therefore, the outputs can be individually multiplied by $x 1, x 2$, $x 4$, which leads to a very wide range of possible output Word Clock rates from 32.0 kHz up to 768.0 kHz . This enables e.g. the contemporaneous output of an incoming 48.0 kHz reference signal with $96.0 \mathrm{kHz}, 192.0$ kHz and as so-called Digidesign Super Clock. A special 'Ref Pass' functionality secures the availability of an incoming digital audio signal for further use.

For live or broadcast use, a special 'Hold' functionality can be activated additionally. This function guarantees interruption-free output signal supply in cases when the external reference is of insufficient quality or lost completely. Thus, the MC-7 is predestined to be used as centralized clock stabilizer and distributor, where reliable signal availability is a must.

Due to its synchronisation features and connection flexibility, the MC-7 offers unique possibilities to provide interconnections between digital audio devices on a reliable and useful basis. This all makes MC-7 for sure an unique and outstanding digital audio clock distributor and converter enabling to handle every clocking issue in your studio set-up with ease!

## MC-7 Features

- Distributes and converts Word Clock, AES3/11 and S/PDIF
- Extracts and re-generates clock signals out of digital audio signals
- Improves audio quality of connected devices
- Handles Word Clock rates from 32.0 kHz up to $192.0 \mathrm{kHz} / 768.0 \mathrm{kHz}$
- Supports so-called Super Clocks for older Digidesign ProTools systems
- Offers 4 inputs and 11 outputs in total
- Protects from reference signal dropouts
- Supplies interruption-free output signals
- AES11, Grade 1, internal reference clock (0.5ppm)
- Easy to configure
- Compact case size fits in every studio set-up
- Built-in international power supply


## MC-7 Applications

- Stellate Word Clock distribution
- Sound improvement of digital audio devices
- Audiophil clock recovery and regeneration
- Interconnection of consumer and professional digital audio devices
- Line extension for e.g. theatre or broadcast installations
- Usable within small studio set-ups up to broadcast installations.
- Output expansion for MUTEC's iCLOCK, iCLOCKdp, iD, iDdp, MC-3, MC-3.1 and MC-3.2.

The grey boxes contain supplementary informationen for the corresponding sections in the text columns. The content of the individual box refers to the description in the text column beside the box.

ABoxes which contain a triangle with an exclamation mark inside should be read carefully! These include additional information which are of major importance for the functional descriptions in the text column.

## A <br> Register your MUTEC Product for Warranty and Support!

We ask you to be so kind to register your MUTEC product through our website immediately after purchasing. This ensures full warranty services over a period of two years after purchasing the product. Moreover, for all registered products we offer to our customers technical support. We also will inform you about product updates and new products which may of interest for you (on voluntary base, of course).

Please regsiter your product at:
www.MUTEC-net.com
>SERVICES, >MUTEC Product Registration

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## Peripheral MUTEC Products

Reference Clocks and Master Clocks for Synchronization：
－iCLOCK＋iCLOCKdp
iCLOCK and iCLOCKdp are synchronizable，high－precision clock generators which are designed to be the reference in digital audio and video studios as well as broadcast and television stations．For further details please visit：
www．iCLOCK－NET．de
－MC－3
The MC－3 SMART CLOCK is an universal digital audio master clock generator．The unit provides different high－stable and Ultra low－jitter clock signals for synchronization of various digital audio devices．
－MC－3．1
The MC－3．1 SMART CLOCK SD is an universal digital audio and SD video sync master clock generator．The unit provides different high－stable clock signals for simultaneous synchronization of digital audio and SD video devices．

MC－3．2
The MC－3．2 SMART CLOCK HD is an universal digital audio and SD／HD video sync master clock generator．The unit provides different high－ stable clock signals for simultaneous synchronization of digital audio and SD／HD video devices．

Format and Sampling Rate Converters with internal Master Clock：
－MC－4
The MC－4 is a high－performance digital audio multichannel format and sampling rate converter for ADAT ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ ，AES3 and S／P－DIF
－MC－6
The MC－6 is a high－performance digital audio dual channel format con－ verter for AES3，AES3id and S／P－DIF．

Cables for Digital Audio：
－Optical cables in different lenghts from 0.5 m to 20 m for ADAT $^{\text {TM }}$ trans－ fers．

For all peripheral products please have a look on our website： www．MUTEC－NET．com！


## CONTROL ELEMENTS AND TERMINALS

## MC-7 Front Panel



## 1 POWER

This red LED lights up when the unit is switched on with the rear panel POWER switch.

2 MENU
This key selects one of the available function menus.

## 3 SELECT

Use this key to select a function within a specific function menu.

## 4 REFERENCE

This function menu allows to select all acceptable input reference signals for distribution or conversion. Furthermore, every input reference is available with two additional options: the »HOLD« function and the »REF PASS« function. See details in chapter OPERATING THE MC-7.

## 5 CLK multipliers

This functional menu lets you determine the factor by which the basis clock rate of the incoming reference signal is multiplied additionally. This setting can be made individually for every Word Clock pair of outputs as well as for the AES/EBU and S/P-DIF outputs.

## 6 STATUS

This menu indicates various signal statuses of the incoming reference or digital audio signal.

7 CLOCK in
This menu indicates the clock rate of the incoming reference signal. Audio Clock rates between 32.0 kHz and 192.0 kHz can be analysed and displayed.

## 8 WCLK OUT 4

This pair of Word Clock outputs transfers either all standard Word Clock rates as well as Word Clockx 256 for older Digidesign ProTools ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ systems. Its numbering is aligned to the functional menu »CLK multiplierse on the front panel. For adjusting these outputs see chapter OPERATING THE MC-7.

Refer to the OPERATIONS chapter for more information.

For detailed specifications on all terminals, refer to the »Pin Assignment of the Connectors« and »Technical Data« in the chapter »APPENDIX«.

MC-7 Rear Panel


## 1 WCLK OUT 1-3

These 3 pairs of Word Clock outputs transfer either all standard Word Clock rates as well as so-called „Super Clock« rates (Word Clock x256) for older Digidesign ProTools ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ systems. Their numbering is aligned to the functional menu »CLK MULTIPLERS« on the front panel. The individual BNC connectors of an output pair are marked as A and B. This allows, for example, for a simple documentation of the connected devices. For adjusting these outputs see chapter OPERATING THE MC-7.

## 2 S/P-DIF OUT 6

These two S/P-DIF outputs, available as optical (»OP«) and coaxial (»CO«) interfaces, transmit an optical S/P-DIF and an unbalanced electrical S/P-DIF digital audio or blank frame signal in compliance with the IEC 60958 standard. Their numbering is aligned to the corresponding functional menu on the front panel. For adjusting these outputs see chapter OPERATING THE MC-7.

## 3 AES3/11 OUT 5

This AES/EBU output transmits a transformer-balanced electrical AES3 or AES11 signal. Its numbering is aligned to the corresponding functional menu on the front panel. For adjusting this output see chapter OPERATING THE MC-7.

## 4 AES3/11 IN

This AES/EBU input can receive a balanced digital AES3 or AES11 signal in compliance with AES3-1992 (R1997) or AES11-1997/2003. The input impedance is $110 \Omega$ (XLR connector, female). For selecting this input see chapter OPERATING THE MC-7.

## 5 S/P-DIF IN

These two S/P-DIF inputs, available as optical (»OP«) and coaxial (»CO«) interfaces, receive an optical S/P-DIF and an unbalanced electrical S/P-DIF digital audio or blank frame signal in compliance with the IEC 60958 standard. For selecting one of these inputs see chapter OPERATING THE MC-7.

6 WCLK IN
This input can receive a Word Clock or so-called »Super Clock« (Word Clock x256) signal. The impedance of the connector is $75 \Omega$ (BNC connectors, female). For selecting this input see chapter OPERATING THE MC-7.

7 MAINS IN, Power Switch + Power Inlet
This is the main switch for switching the device on and off. Be sure to make all connections (especially the supplied power cable) properly before turning on the switch. Heed the SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS at the beginning of this manual.

Connect the supplied power cable here. Make sure that the power switch is turned off before connecting the power cable to this inlet and to the power outlet. Line voltages within the range of $90 \ldots 260 \mathrm{~V}$ with a frequencies between $47 \ldots . .440 \mathrm{~Hz}$ can be applied. The internal power supply will automatically make all necessary adjustments.


## INSTALLATION

## Content of the Box

The unit was packed carefully. Nevertheless we recommend to check the content directly after opening the package:
$1 \times \mathrm{MC}-7$
$1 \times$ Power cable
$4 \times$ Rubber feet
1 x Manual

## Placing the Device

The unit should be set up as closely as possible to the devices to which it will be connected, so as to avoid excessive cable lengths. Use the 4 rubber feets enclosed with the appliance and stick them symmetrically on the bottom side of the unit to protect the enclosure and supporting surface from being damaged.
The device can be mounted into a standard 19" rack and will require 1 unit. In this case, the rubber feet cannot be attached. Install the device so that one unit of rack space is left free both above and below the device to allow for sufficient ventilation! The mounting depth including the terminals is $160 \mathrm{~mm} / 6.7^{\prime \prime}$. Another $60 \mathrm{~mm} / 2.4^{\prime \prime}$ should be added for the required cables.

Additional slide-in rails on the rack inside are recommended for safe installation. This will also avoid long-term mechanical deformation of the housing.

## Wiring the Word Clock interfaces

To allow for the synchronization of signals, the interfaces of all devices involved must be properly connected to each other, so as to ensure a logical signal flow. Always be sure to connect the Word Clock output of the MC-7 to the corresponding input of the device you wish to synchronize. Cable lengths should be kept as short as possible to minimize signal losses and/or interferences!

For the transmission of Word Clock signals electrical, unsymmetrical cables with a resistance of $75 \Omega$ and BNC connectors on both ends are used. Typically, such cables are marked »RG-59U, RG59B/U«.

Additionally, you should make sure that the Word Clock inputs to be connected to the MC-7's outputs have a $75 \Omega$ terminating resistor! Most Word Clock inputs allow for enabling/disabling the termination with a so-called »termination-switch«, which may be located on the outside or inside of the device.

For devices which have no termination of the Word Clock input, e.g. RME Hammerfall with Word Clock i/o, Alesis BRC or M-Audio ProFire Lightbridge, you can use an additional BNC-T piece to terminate the input. Plug the $T$ piece with its center connector into the input of the receiving device. Then, connect the cable coming from the MC-7's Word Clock output to one of the lateral connectors, and the other connector of the BNC-T piece to a $75 \Omega$ resistor forming the BNC termination.

Basically, you should avoid »looping through« Word Clock leads by means of passive BNC-T pieces to preserve the signal quality, as level drops will be the result. If there is no other way to wire your set-up, please make sure that all Word Clock inputs (except for the last device in the chain) have their terminations disabled! In a serial Word Clock chain only the last clock input should have a termination! Never connect more than three devices in series to one output!

The condition of the packaging material and the device should be checked carefully additionally. If there are any damages please refer to SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS, Initial Operation, and WARRANTY REGULATIONS.

ABefore installing the unit the section SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS located at the beginning of this manual should be read carefully.

ANever expose the device and accessories to rain, moisture, direct sunlight, or excessive heat produced by radiators, heaters, or spot lights! Sufficient air circulation in the environment of the device must be ensured!

AIt is imperative that the lengths of all cables connected are largely the same, as this is the only way to ensure that all devices will be synchronized in phase (exception: cable tolerances).

Please make sure that the cable used has a resistance of $75 \Omega$, in compliance with the specifications! If a cable with a different resistance is used, a dramatic deterioration of the signal quality can be the result! In this case, the perfect synchronization of all devices involved could be impaired.
We recommend using high-grade cables with a good shielding. A length of max. 10 meters (approx. 30 feets) should not be exceeded!

MUTEC offers optical cables of various lengths that have been specifically tested for the transmission of S/P-DIF signals. Ask your local dealer for those cables!
since some manufacturers offer optimized cables for the transmission of digital S/P-DIF and AES/EBU audio signals, it will be a good idea to ask your retailer for specific cables.

AEspecially when working with high AES/EBU clock rates well shielded clock lines are imperative to avoid increased radiation! Standard cables are normally useable for clock rates up to 50.0 kHz . Special shielded cable material should be used for transfer of higher clock rates.

## Wiring the AES/EBU and S/P-DIF Interfaces

Connect the AES/EBU interfaces with the help of balanced electrical cables equipped with XLR connectors on both ends. The specifications stipulate a specific cable resistance of $110 \Omega$ (ask your retailer for a confirmation of this value when purchasing the cables).

Connect the coaxial S/P-DIF interface with the help of unbalanced electrical cables equipped with cinch connectors on both ends. The specifications stipulate a specific cable resistance of $75 \Omega$ (ask your retailer for a confirmation of this value when purchasing the cables)

Connect the optical S/P-DIF interface with the help of Toshiba TOSLINK ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ compliant optical fiber cables. Here, you can use both plastic and glass fiber-based cables. When using plastic fiber cables, lengths of 10 meters should not be exceeded, so as to ensure the reliable transmission of signals. Glass fiber cables can transfer data reliably even over greater distances.

MUTEC offers optical cables of various lengths that have been specifically tested for the transmission of S/P-DIF and ADAT ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ signals (retailers and distributors only)!
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## GENERAL OPERATION

## Selecting Function Menus and setting Functions

The device is fully operated using the two toggle switches at the front panel.
1 Switching the MENU key toggles between different basic function menus.
2 Switching the SELECT key activtes individual functions within one function menu.


MENU + SELECT operation


Function Areas + Functions

## Steps of Operation

1 First press on MENU or SELECT key enables the last selected function within the last selected function menu. The corresponding LED is beginning to flash.
2 Every press on SELECT key will select a new function within a menu. The LED of every selected function will flash accordingly and the corresponding function is vailable at once.
3 When the needed function is selected, do not press the switches again! After a period of approx. 4 seconds the LED in front of the selected function will stop flashing.
The STATUS area is not accessible by using the MENU and SELECT switches, because it only informs about different conditions of incoming signals.

All user-specific function settings are available furthermore when power is restored.

## OPERATING THE MC-7

## REFERENCE + CLK multipliers Menus

These both menus are offering access to the whole functionality of your MC-7.

The »REFERENCE« menu contains of two LED raws. With help of the first, left LED raw you select the input reference for distribution or signal conversion. The second LED raw within this menu signalizes special functionalities which can be added to the distribution or conversion process. Therefore both menus act together in different combinations.

The »CLK multipliers« menus allow for adding clock rate multipliers individually to the 4 Word Clock output pairs as well as to the AES3/11 and S/P-DIF outputs. Their numberings are aligned to the output numbers.

The menus »STATUS« and »CLOCKın« are for control of the MC-7's operation status only. They are not accessable for adjustments.

## General Operation Procedure

The MC-7 menu is strictly organized aligned to generally usual handling procedures when inserting such a box into your studio set-up. So, you can split up all of the necessary adjustments in tow simple steps, which leads to the following three questions for the basic operation of your MC-7:

1) Which is my reference signal to be distributed $\rightarrow$ REFERENCE?

2) Do I need increased output clock rates? $\rightarrow$ CLK MULTIPLIERS?

| $x 1 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ | $=\mathrm{x} 1$ of the reference signal's base clock rate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $x 2 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ | $=x 2$ of the reference signal's base clock rate |
| $x 4 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ | $=x 4$ of the reference signal's base clock rate |
| $\times 256 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ | $=\times 256$ of the reference signal's base clock rate |
| CLK multipliers |  |

After these general decisions are made, your MC-7 is configured for optimal operation in your set-up! Due to the fact that the system monitors for useful function combinations, maloperation is not possible.

So, let's have a look to the individual functions on the next pages.

A

## Locking so-called "Super Clocks"

Your MC-7 is able to lock to socalled »Super Clock" (SCLK) reference signals. These clock signals are used preferably for older digidesign ProTools ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ MX systems. Specified are only two clock rates, $11.2896 \mathrm{MHz}+12.288 \mathrm{MHz}$ which are the $\mathbf{x} 256$ multiples of the Word Clock rates 44.1 kHz and 48.0 kHz .

When locking to one of these Super Clocks, the rate will be inverted displayed in the „REF CLOCK IN« menu. Due to this, the LED in front of the corresponding base clock rate, that means Word Clock rate, does not light while all other LEDs light (see examples below).


Super Clock of 44.1 kHz Word Clock


Super Clock of 48.0 kHz Word Clock

## Differences between AES3 and AES11

Both standards, published by the Audio Engineering Society (AES), are based on the same interface, commonly called as AES/EBU interface which uses XLR connectors.

The AES3 standard carries both, the digital audio data and the reference clock information. The AES11, also know as ,blank frame signal', does not carry any digital audio data, but only the reference clock information for synchronization.

## Word Clock as Input Reference including Options

| WCLK | O HOLD | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \mathrm{x} \end{array}{ }^{2}{ }^{3} 0^{4}{ }^{5}{ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O AES3/11 | O REF PASS | $x 2 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| S/P-DIF co |  | $x 4 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| S/P-DIF op |  | $\times 256 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| REFERENCE |  | CLK multipliers |

This setting is the factory default and allows to input a Word Clock reference signal between 32.0 kHz and 192.0 kHz . Its clock rate will be displayed in the status menu »CLOCKin«. The Word Clock reference signal will be internally regenerated and distributed phase-aligned to all eight Word Clock outputs. Simultaneously, the input signal will be converted into AES11 and S/P-DIF and output at the corresponding outputs. So, with one Word Clock reference signal you can synchronize various devices by Word Clock, AES11, S/P-DIF coaxial and S/P-DIF optical at the same time.

| WCLK | HOLD | $\mathrm{x} 1 \bigcirc^{1} \bigcirc^{2} \bigcirc^{3} \bigcirc^{4}{ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O AES3/11 | O ref pass | x2○○○○○○ |
| O S/P-DIF co |  | x4○○○○○○ |
| O S/P-DIF op |  | $\times 256 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| REFERENCE |  | CLK MUUTIPLIERS |

A special function can be added when pressing the SELECT key for a second time. This activates the »HOLD« function which leads to a fail-safe output of all outgoing signals. Interruptions within the input reference signal or even its total loss will not affect the continuous availability of all outgoing signals.

AES3/11 as Input Reference including Options

| O wclk | O hold | $\mathrm{x} 1{ }^{1} \bigcirc^{2}{ }^{3} 0^{4}{ }^{5}{ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - AES3/11 | Oref pass | x2○○○○○○ |
| O S/P-DIF co |  | x4○○○○○○ |
| O S/P-DIF op |  | $\times 256 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| REFERENCE |  | CLK MUULTPLIERS |

This setting allows to input an AES3 digital audio signal or an AES11 reference clock signal between 32.0 kHz and 192.0 kHz . Its clock rate will be displayed in the status menu »CLOCKIn«. The AES3/11 input signal will be regenerated and converted into Word Clock and S/P-DIF and transfered to the corresponding outputs simultaneously.

If an AES3 digital audio signal is feed in, it will be standardly output as AES11 reference clock signal. Similarly, the digital audio data will be not transfered to the S/P-DIF outputs, but only the clock reference data for synchronization purposes.

| O wclk | HOLD | $\mathrm{x} 1 \bigcirc^{1} \bigcirc^{2}{ }^{3} 0^{4}{ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - AES3/11 | Oref pass | x2○○○○○○ |
| O S/P-DIF co |  | x4○○○○○○ |
| O S/P-DIF op |  | $\times 256 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| REFERENCE |  | CLK MULTIPLIERS |

There are two further function options available when feeding in an AES3 or AES11 signal: »HOLD« + „REF PASS«.

```
\square}\\stackrel{\Gamma}{\Gamma
```

When pressing the SELECT key for a further time, you can activate the »HOLD« function which leads to a fail-safe output of all outgoing signals.

When pressing the SELECT key again, you can activate the »REF PASS« function. This special function regenerates and transfers an AES3 input signal to the format-same output. In this case, the AES3/11 output transmits the original AES3 input signal incl. all digital audio data for further use within your studio set-up, while the other outputs supplying phase-aligned clock reference signals.

## S/P-DIF coaxial as Input Reference including Options



This setting allows to input a S/P-DIF digital audio or blank frame signal between 32.0 kHz and 192.0 kHz at the coaxial input. Its clock rate will be displayed in the status menu »CLOCKIn«. The S/P-DIF input signal will be regenerated and converted into Word Clock, AES11 and S/P-DIF optical and transfered to the corresponding outputs simultaneously.
A S/P-DIF digital audio input signal will be standardly output as S/P-DIF blank frame signal for synchronization purposes at the coaxial and optical outputs. Similarly, the digital audio data will be not transfered to the AES3/11 output, but only the clock reference data.

| O WCLK | HOLD | $x^{1} 0^{2} 0^{3} 0^{5} 0^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O AES3/11 | OREF PASS | $x 2 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| S/P-DIF co |  | $x 4 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| O S/P-DIF op |  | $\times 256 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| REFERENCE |  | CLK multipliers |

There are also two further function options available when feeding in an S/P-DIF coaxial signal: »HOLD«+»REF PASS«.

When pressing the SELECT key for a further time, you can activate the »HOLD« function which leads to a fail-safe output of all outgoing signals.


When pressing the SELECT key again, you can activate the »REF PASS« function. This special function regenerates and transfers a S/P-DIF coaxial input signal to the format-same output. In this case, the S/P-DIF output signal

AES3 + REF PASS
When feeding in an AES3 digital
audio reference signal and using the REF PASS functionality, the digital audio signal will be only available at the formatsame AES3 output. There will be no digital audio format conversion to the S/P-DIF outputs! The S/P-DIF outputs transmit blank frame signals only. *

While processing the AES3 signal, the PLL synthesizer circuit extracts the clock out of the AES3 signal, is re-generating it and is supplying it to all WCLK outputs. The WCLK output pairs can be multiplied individually by using the CLK Multipliers as mentioned at page 19.
*) If you need to convert the AES3 format into S/P-DIF, please use the MUTEC MC-1 or MC-1.1. These converters are especially made for AES3 to S/P-DIF, and vice versa, digital audio format conversion.

AS/P-DIF coaxial + REF PASS
When feeding in a S/P-DIF coaxial digital audio reference signal and using the REF PASS functionality, the digital audio signal will be only available at the format-same S/P-DIF coaxial/optical outputs. There will be no digital audio format conversion to the AES3/11 output! The AES3/11 output transmits the AES11 blank frame signal only. *
While processing the S/P-DIF signal, the PLL synthesizer circuit extracts the clock out of the S/P-DIF signal, is re-generating it and is supplying it to all WCLK outputs. The WCLK output pairs can be multiplied individually by using the CLK Multipliers as mentioned at page 19.
*) If you need to convert the S/P-DIF format into AES3, please use the MUTEC MC-1 or MC-1.1. These converters are especially made for AES3 to S/P-DIF, and vice versa, digital audio format conversion.
includes all digital audio data for further use within your studio set-up, while the other outputs supplying phase-aligned clock reference signals.

## S/P-DIF optical as Input Reference including Options

| O wclk | O HOLD | $\mathrm{x} 1 \bigcirc^{1}{ }^{2}{ }^{3} \bigcirc^{4}{ }^{5}{ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O AES3/11 | Oref pass | x2○○○○○○ |
| O S/P-DIF co |  | x4○○○○○○ |
| S/P-DIF op |  | $\times 256 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| REFERENCE |  | CLK multipliers |

This setting allows to input a S/P-DIF digital audio signal between 32.0 kHz and 192.0 kHz at the optical input. Its clock rate will be displayed in the status menu »CLOCK In«. The S/P-DIF input signal will be regenerated and converted into Word Clock, AES11 and S/P-DIF coaxial and transfered to the corresponding outputs simultaneously.
A $S / P$-DIF digital audio input signal will be standardly output as $S / P$-DIF blank frame signal for synchronization purposes at the optical and coaxial outputs. Similarly, the digital audio data will be not transfered to the AES3/11 output, but only the clock reference data.


There are also two further function options available when feeding in an S/P-DIF optical signal: »HOLD« + „REF PASS«.

When pressing the SELECT key for a further time, you can activate the »HOLD« function which leads to a fail-safe output of all outgoing signals.


When pressing the SELECT key again, you can activate the »REF PASS« function. This special function regenerates and transfers a S/P-DIF optical input signal to the format-same output. In this case, the S/P-DIF output signal includes all digital audio data for further use within your studio set-up, while the other outputs supplying phase-aligned clock reference signals.

## Multiplying Clock Rates

| W WCLK | O HOLD | $\begin{array}{rccccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ & \bigcirc & \bigcirc & \bigcirc & \bigcirc & \bigcirc \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O AES3/11 | Oref pass | $x 2 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| S/P-DIF co |  | $x 4 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| S/P-DIF op |  | $\times 256 \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| REFERENCE |  | CLK multiplers |

With help of the clock multipliers (»CLK mULTIPLIERS«) you can add a clock rate multiplication factor to each pair of clock outputs. This is possible in any state of operation of your MC-7. The numbering of the multipliers is aligned to the output numbers. Select the prefered output with the MENU key and choose the needed multiplication factor by pressing the SELECT key accordingly. The factory default is set to $\times 1$.
The above mentioned front panel view shows the following adjustments as example:

Word Clock output pair no. 1 is set to $\times 1$
Word Clock output pair no. 2 is set to $\times 2$
Word Clock output pair no. 3 is set to $\times 256$
Word Clock output pair no. 4 is set to $\times 4$
AES3/11 output no. 5 is set to $\times 4$
S/P-DIF outputs nos. 6 are set to $\times 2$
»CLK MULTIPLIERS« 1-4
For every Word Clock output pair, nos. 1-4, are 4 multipliers available:

$$
x 1, x 2, x 4, x 256
$$

The multiplication functions »x 1, x 2, x4« multiply all available basis clocks up to the highest possible Word Clock rate of $768.0 \mathrm{kHz}(192.0 \mathrm{kHz}$ basis clock x 4 ).

The function $» \times 256$ «refers only to the basis clocks of 44.1 kHz and 48.0 kHz of every incoming reference clock signal to output the so-called Super Clock rates, necessary for older digidesign ProTools ${ }^{\top M} \mathrm{MX}$ systems. If a reference signal with a different clock rate, like e.g. $96,0 \mathrm{kHz}$ or 176.4 kHz , comes in, the system identifies the included base clock rate and sets the multiplier accordingly to output only $44.1 \mathrm{kHz} \times 256$ or $48.0 \mathrm{kHz} \times 256$. The factory default is set at $\times 1$.
"CLK MULTIPLIER《 5
For the AES3/11 output no. 5 are 3 multipliers available:
$x 1, x 2, x 4$
Due to the maximum possible AES3/11 clock frequency of 192.0 kHz , the functions of these multipliers are depending on the basis clock rate of the incoming reference signal. The factory default is set at $\times 1$.

Example 1
The incoming basis clock runs at $32.0 \mathrm{kHz}, 44.1 \mathrm{kHz}$ or 48.0 kHz :

| x1: | AESS3/11 output runs at $32.0 \mathrm{kHz}, 44.1 \mathrm{kHz}$ or 48.0 kHz |
| :--- | :--- |
| x2: | AESS $/ 11$ output runs at $64.0 \mathrm{kHz}, 88.2 \mathrm{kHz}$ or 96.0 kHz |
| x4: | AES3/11 output runs at $128.0 \mathrm{kHz}, 176.4 \mathrm{kHz}$ or 192.0 kHz |

Example 2
The incoming basis clock runs at 88.2 kHz or 96.0 kHz :
$x 1: \quad \mathrm{AES} 3 / 11$ output runs at 88.2 kHz or 96.0 kHz
x2: $\quad$ AES3/11 output runs at 176.4 kHz or 192.0 kHz
$x 4: \quad \quad$ AES3/11 output runs at 176.4 kHz or 192.0 kHz
Example 3
The incoming basis clock runs at 176.4 kHz or 192.0 kHz :
$x 1: \quad$ AES3/11 output runs at 176.4 kHz or 192.0 kHz
$x 2: \quad \quad \mathrm{AES} 3 / 11$ output runs at 176.4 kHz or 192.0 kHz
$x 4: \quad$ AES3/11 output runs at 176.4 kHz or 192.0 kHz

## Generatable Clock Rates

For a better understanding of the efficiency of the MC-7's clock multiplier, please refer to the tables »Generatable Clock Rates« on pages 23-25. There you can see which clock rates and clock signals the MC-7 is able to convert and to output simultaneously.
»CLK MULTIPLIER« 6
Both S/P-DIF outputs, optical and coaxial, transmit same clock rate settings. For the S/P-DIF output pair no. 6 are 3 multiply functions available:
x1, x2, x4
Due to the maximum possible S/P-DIF clock frequency of 192.0 kHz , the functions of these multipliers are depending on the basis clock rate of the incoming reference signal. The factory default is set at $\times 1$.

Example 1
The incoming basis clock runs at $32.0 \mathrm{kHz}, 44.1 \mathrm{kHz}$ or 48.0 kHz :
x 1 : $\quad$ S/PDIF outputs run at $32.0 \mathrm{kHz}, 44.1 \mathrm{kHz}$ or 48.0 kHz
x2: $\quad$ S/PDIF outputs run at $64.0 \mathrm{kHz}, 88.2 \mathrm{kHz}$ or 96.0 kHz
x4: S/PDIF outputs run at $128.0 \mathrm{kHz}, 176.4 \mathrm{kHz}$ or 192.0 kHz
Example 2
The incoming basis clock runs at 88.2 kHz or 96.0 kHz :
$x 1$ : S/PDIF outputs run at 88.2 kHz or 96.0 kHz
x2: $\quad$ S/PDIF outputs run at 176.4 kHz or 192.0 kHz
$x 4: \quad$ S/PDIF outputs run at 176.4 kHz or 192.0 kHz
Example 3
The incoming basis clock runs at 176.4 kHz or 192.0 kHz :
x 1: S/PDIF outputs run at 176.4 kHz or 192.0 kHz
x2: $\quad$ S/PDIF outputs run at 176.4 kHz or 192.0 kHz
$x 4: \quad$ S/PDIF outputs run at 176.4 kHz or 192.0 kHz

## STATUS

This area displays different system conditions of your MC-7. There is no access for changing settings.
»LOCK"
This blue LED lights when the internal PLL circuit has detected the incoming clock reference signal as valid. If the reference signal is unstable or lost, the »LOCK" LED does not light.
»HOLD«
This red LED lights when the external reference clock signal is interrupted or lost and the HOLD functionality is selected in the REFERENCE menu. During this, all output signals are available continuously.
»AUDIO«
This red LED lights when a valid AES3 or S/P-DIF optical or coaxial digital audio reference signal is detected at the corresponding input.

## CLOCKın

This area displays the clock rate of the incoming reference clock signal. The following basis reference clock rates are supported and will be analyzed:


Regarding the display of incoming Super Clock rates, please refer to page 16 under „Locking so-called »Super Clocks«".

## APPENDIX

Pin Assignment of the Connectors
Mains


1 Neutral (blue; USA: white)
2 Protective earth (green/yellow; USA: green)
3 Live, phase (brown; USA: black)

## Word Clock + Suber Clock BNC Input + Output



1 Signal
2 Ground

AES/EBU, XLR, Input AES/EBU XLR Output

(3)


## (3)

## Audio ground

 a conductor (hot / +) b conductor (cold /-)S/PDIF Cinch Output
S/PDIF Optical Output TOSLINK Standard

$\begin{array}{ll}1 & \text { Audio signal } \\ 2 & \text { Audio ground }\end{array}$

Ground
a conductor (hot / +) b conductor (cold / -)


1 Optical signal


Word Clock Termination

## Switching-off the Termination of the Word Clock Input

CAUTION! Disconnect the unit from the mains before opening! Remount the aluminium cover thoroughly before you attempt to operate the unit!

When MC-7 is shipped, the BNC-based Word Clock input connector is terminated internally with $75 \Omega$. Therefore, one jumper is put on two pins - Position 2 - of the 3-pin socket JP1.


Jumper:


Free Pin:


When moving the jumper from position 2 to position 1, the input termination will be switched-off. Therefore, the MC-7 must be connected in a chain, in which a device with terminated input follows. Otherwise you need to use a BNC-T piece in combination with a $75 \Omega$ BNC resistor for terminating the MC-7's input.


For additional information regarding this issue, please refer to page 11.


## Generatable Clock Rates, Example: 44.1 kHz as Input Clock Rate for all mentioned Input Signals

WORD CLOCK SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE

| Outputs | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{1}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x 2}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x 4}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2 5 6}$ | Output Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 2: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 3: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 4: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 5: AES3/11 | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | AES11, blank frame, none audio |
| 6: S/P-DIF op+co | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | S/P-DIF blank frame, none audio |

WORD CLOCK SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE + HOLD FUNCTION

| WORD CLOCK SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE + HOLD FUNCTION |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Outputs | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{1}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x 4}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2 5 6}$ | Output Signal |
| 1: Word Clock, A + B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 2: Word Clock, A + B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 3: Word Clock, A + B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 4: Word Clock, A + B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 5: AES3/11 | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | AES11, blank frame, none audio |
| 6: S/P-DIF op+co | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | S/P-DIF blank frame, none audio |

## AES3 DIGITAL AUDIO SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE

| Outputs | Multiply $\mathbf{x 1}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x 4}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} 256$ | Output Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 2: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 3: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 4: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 5: AES3/11 | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | AES11, blank frame, none audio |
| 6: S/P-DIF op + co | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | S/P-DIF blank frame, none audio |

AES3 DIGITAL AUDIO SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE + HOLD FUNCTION

| Outputs | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{1}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x 4}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} 256$ | Output Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 2: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 3: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 4: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 5: AES3/11 | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | AES11, blank frame, none audio |
| 6: S/P-DIF op+co | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | S/P-DIF blank frame, none audio |

AES3 DIGITAL AUDIO SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE + REF PASS FUNCTION

| Outputs | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{1}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{4}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2 5 6}$ | Output Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 2: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 3: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 4: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 5: AES3/11 | 44.1 kHz | None | None | None | AES3, digital audio signal |
| 6: S/P-DIF op+co | 44.1 kHz | None | None | None | S/P-DIF blank frame, none audio |

AES11 BLANK FRAME SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE

| Outputs | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{1}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x 4}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} 256$ | Output Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 2: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 3: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 4: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 5: AES3/11 | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | AES11, blank frame, none audio |
| 6: S/P-DIF op +co | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | S/P-DIF blank frame, none audio |

AES11 BLANK FRAME SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE + HOLD FUNCTION

| Outputs | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{1}$ | Multiply x 2 | Multiply $\mathbf{x 4}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2 5 6}$ | Output Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 2: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 3: Word Clock, A + B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 4: Word Clock, A + B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 5: AES3/11 | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | AES11, blank frame, none audio |
| 6: S/P-DIF op + co | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | S/P-DIF blank frame, none audio |

AES11 BLANK FRAME SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE + REF PASS FUNCTION

| Outputs | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{1}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x 4}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2 5 6}$ | Output Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 2: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 3: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 4: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 5: AES3/11 | 44.1 kHz | None | None | None | AES11, blank frame, none audio |
| 6: S/P-DIF op+co | 44.1 kHz | None | None | None | S/P-DIF blank frame, none audio |

S/P-DIF COAXIAL DIGITAL AUDIO SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE

| Outputs | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{1}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x 4}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2 5 6}$ | Output Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 2: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 3: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 4: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 5: AES3/11 | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | AES11, blank frame, none audio |
| 6: S/P-DIF op+co | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | S/P-DIF blank frame, none audio |

S/P-DIF COAXIAL DIGITAL AUDIO SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE + HOLD FUNCTION

| Outputs | Multiply $\mathbf{x 1}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x 4}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} 256$ | Output Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 2: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 3: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 4: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 5: AES3/11 | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | AES11, blank frame, none audio |
| 6: S/P-DIF op + co | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | S/P-DIF blank frame, none audio |

S/P-DIF COAXIAL DIGITAL AUDIO SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE + REF PASS FUNCTION

| Outputs | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{1}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{4}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2 5 6}$ | Output Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 2: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 3: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 4: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 5: AES3/11 | 44.1 kHz | None | None | None | AES11, blank frame, none audio |
| 6: S/P-DIF op+co | 44.1 kHz | None | None | None | S/P-DIF digital audio signal * |

S/P-DIF OPTICAL DIGITAL AUDIO SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE

| Outputs | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{1}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x 4}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} 256$ | Output Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 2: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 3: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 4: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 5: AES3/11 | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | AES11, blank frame, none audio |
| 6: S/P-DIF op+co | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | S/P-DIF blank frame, none audio |

## S/P-DIF OPTICAL DIGITAL AUDIO SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE + HOLD FUNCTION

| Outputs | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{1}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2}$ | Multiply x4 | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2 5 6}$ | Output Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 2: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 3: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 4: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 5: AES3/11 | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | AES11, blank frame, none audio |
| 6: S/P-DIF op + co | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | None | S/P-DIF blank frame, none audio |

## S/P-DIF OPTICAL DIGITAL AUDIO SIGNAL AS INPUT REFERENCE + REF PASS FUNCTION

| Outputs | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{1}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{4}$ | Multiply $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{2 5 6}$ | Output Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 2: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 3: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 4: Word Clock, A+B | 44.1 kHz | 88.2 kHz | 176.4 kHz | Super Clock | Clock Signal |
| 5: AES3/11 | 44.1 kHz | None | None | None | AES11, blank frame, none audio |
| 6: S/P-DIF op+co | 44.1 kHz | None | None | None | S/P-DIF digital audio signal * |

*) Both S/P-DIF outputs are supplying the same digital audio signal with same content, but electrically converted into a coaxial and an optical signal.

## Technical Data

| WORD CLOCK INPUT (WCLK) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Interface | $1 \times \mathrm{BNC}, 200 \mathrm{mV}-7 \mathrm{~V}$, unbalanced, input impedance $75 \Omega$ |
| Lock range | 25.0 kHz to $200.0 \mathrm{kHz}, 11.2896 \mathrm{MHz}+12.288 \mathrm{MHz}$ (so-called Super Clocks) |
| AES3/11 INPUT |  |
| Interface | $1 \times$ XLR female, transformer balanced, input impedance $110 \Omega, 200 \mathrm{mV}-7.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Format, Resolution | AES3-1992/2003, AES11-1997/2003, 16-24 bits |
| Lock range | 25.0 kHz to 200.0 kHz |
| S/P-DIF COAXIAL INPUT (CO) |  |
| Interface | $1 \times$ Coaxial (Cinch/RCA female), unbalanced, $0.5-1.0 \mathrm{Vpp} @ 75 \Omega$, output impedance $75 \Omega$ |
| Format, Resolution | IEC60958, 16-24 bits |
| Lock range | 25.0 kHz to 200.0 kHz |
| S/P-DIF OPTICAL INPUT (OP) |  |
| Interface | $1 \times$ Toslink ${ }^{\text {TM }}$, EIAJ RC-5720 |
| Format, Resolution | IEC60958, 16-24 bits |
| Lock range | 25.0 kHz to 200.0 kHz |
| WORD CLOCK OUTPUTS (WCLK) |  |
| Interface | $8 \times \mathrm{BNC}, 3,5 \mathrm{~V} @ 22 \Omega$, unbalanced, buffered |
| Transmitted clock rates | 25.0 kHz to $200.0 \mathrm{kHz}, 11.2896 \mathrm{MHz}+12.288 \mathrm{MHz}$ (so-called Super Clocks) |
| AES3/11 OUTPUT |  |
| Interface | 1 x XLR male, transformer balanced, 3.5Vpp @ 110 |
| Format, Resolution | AES3-1992/2003, AES11-1997/2003, 24 bits |
| Transmitted sampling rates | 25.0 kHz to 200.0 kHz |
| S/P-DIF COAXIAL OUTPUT (CO) |  |
| Interface | $1 \times \mathrm{BNC}, 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$, unbalanced, input impedance $75 \Omega$, buffered |
| Format, Resolution | IEC60958, 24 bits |
| Transmitted sampling rates | 25.0 kHz to 200.0 kHz |
| S/P-DIF OPTICAL OUTPUT (OP) |  |
| Interface | $1 \times$ Toshiba Toslink ${ }^{\text {TM }}$, EIAJ RC-5720 |
| Format, Resolution | IEC60958, 24 bits |
| Transmitted sampling rates | 25.0 kHz to 200.0 kHz |
| INTERNAL REFERENCE CLOCK SPECIFICATIONS |  |
| Oscillator type | TCXO, temperature compensated crystal oscillator |
| Clock accuracy (shipped) | < $\pm 1.0 \mathrm{ppm}$ |
| Clock stability vs. temperature | $< \pm 1.0 \mathrm{ppm}$ within $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating temperature | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Clock jitter | <10ps (RMS) |
| POWER SUPPLY |  |
| Type | Internal, switching power supply |
| Input voltage | $85 \mathrm{~V}-264 \mathrm{~V}$ (automatic adjustment), $47 \mathrm{~Hz}-440 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Power consumption | max. 10W |
| SYSTEM UNIT COVER |  |
| Cover size/material/color | $196 \times 42 \times 156 \mathrm{~mm}$ without connectors (WxHxD), aluminium sheet 1 mm , black |
| Front panel size/material | $198 \times 44 \times 2 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W} \times \mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{D})$, aluminium |
| Weight | $\sim 750 \mathrm{~g}$ |

